

Safety Data Sheet

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name/designation: Acetone SPECTRONORM® for spectroscopy

Product No.: 84700 CAS No.: 67-64-1

Other means of identification: 2-Propanone, Dimethyl ketone, DMK, Propanone

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: General chemical reagent

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Singapore

VWR Singapore Pte Ltd.

Street 18 Gul Drive
Postal code/City Singapore 629468
Telephone +65 6505 0760
Telefax +65 6264 3780

E-mail (competent person) SDS@avantorsciences.com

1.4 Emergency phone number

Telephone +65 (0) 6505 0760 (office hours: 8 am-5 pm)





SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Hazard classes and hazard categories	Hazard statements
Flammable liquid, category 2	H225
Eye irritation, category 2	H319
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), category 3, narcotic effect	H336

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary	
statements	
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.
	Continue rinsing.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance does not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria of REACH, Annex XIII.

SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Substance name Acetone Molecular formula CH_3COCH_3 Molecular weight 58.08 g/mol CAS No. 67-64-1





SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information

IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician. If unconscious but breathing normally, place in recovery position and seek medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person or a person with cramps. Change contaminated, saturated clothing. Do not leave affected person unattended.

After inhalation

Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor. Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

In case of skin contact

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Remove contaminated, saturated clothing immediately. In case of skin reactions, consult a physician.

After eye contact:

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Protect uninjured eye. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

In case of ingestion

If accidentally swallowed rinse the mouth with plenty of water (only if the person is conscious) and obtain immediate medical attention. Do NOT induce vomiting. Give nothing to eat or drink.

Self-protection of the first aider

First aider: Pay attention to self-protection!

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes skin and eye irritation. Following ingestion: May cause headaches, nausea, vomiting and gastrointestinal disturbances.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

no data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray ABC-powder Carbon dioxide (CO2) Nitrogen

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Full water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2)





5.3 Advice for firefighters

DO NOT fight fire when fire reaches explosives.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical protective clothing.

Additional information

Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen.

Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers.

In case of fire: Evacuate area.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

In case of major fire and large quantities: Remove persons to safety.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Spilled product must never be returned to the original container for recycling. Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal. Large spills: Dike or dam to contain for later disposal. Explosion risk. Small amounts of spillages: Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

6.4 Additional information

highly flammable liquid and vapour Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid:

Inhalation

Avoid contact with eyes and skin.

Use extractor hood (laboratory).

If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used.

If local exhaust ventilation is not possible or not sufficient, the entire working area must be ventilated by technical means.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Usual measures for fire prevention.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.





7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Recommended storage temperature: 15-25°C

Storage class: 3

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Keep/Store away from combustible materials. Protect from direct sunlight. Unsuitable container/equipment material: Plastic packaging Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Ingredient (Designation)	Regulatory information	Country	Limit value type (country of origin)	Limit value	Remark
Acetone	Workplace Safety and Health (General Provisions) Regulations, WORKPLACE SAFETY AND HEALTH ACT (CHAPTER 354A, SECTION 65)	SG	LTV	750 ppm - 1780 mg/m ³	
Acetone	Workplace Safety and Health (General Provisions) Regulations, WORKPLACE SAFETY AND HEALTH ACT (CHAPTER 354A, SECTION 65)	SG	STV	1000 ppm - 2380 mg/m ³	

8.2 Exposure controls

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

no data available

8.2.2 Personal protection equipment

no data available

Eye/face protection no data available

Recommendation: no data available

Skin protection no data available





By short-term hand contact

Suitable material: CR (polychloroprene, chloroprene rubber)

Thickness of the glove material: 0,75 mm

Breakthrough time:: < 30 min

Recommended glove articles: VWR 112-2308

By long-term hand contact

Suitable material: Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

Thickness of the glove material: 0,50 mm

Breakthrough time:: > 480 min

Recommended glove articles: VWR 112-1570

Respiratory protection

no data available

Suitable respiratory protection apparatus: no data available Recommendation: no data available suitable material: no data available Recommendation: no data available no data available

Additional information no data available

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

no data available





SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

(a) Appearance

Physical state: liquid
Colour: colourless
(b) Odour: characteristic
(c) Odour threshold: no data available

Safety relevant basic data

(d) pH: 5-6 (400 g/l; H2O; 20 °C)

(e) Melting point/freezing point: -95.4 °C

(f) Initial boiling point and boiling range: 56.2 °C (1013 hPa) (g) Flash point: -20 °C (closed cup) (h) Evaporation rate: no data available

(i) Flammability (solid, gas): Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

(j) Flammability or explosive limits

Lower explosion limit: 2.6 % (v/v)
Upper explosion limit: 12.8 % (v/v)
(k) Vapour pressure: 233 hPa (20 °C)
(l) Vapour density: 2.01 (20 °C)
(m) Density: 0.792 g/cm³ (20 °C)

(n) Solubility(ies)

(r) Viscosity

Kinematic viscosity: no data available
Dynamic viscosity: 0.32 mPa*s (20 °C)
(s) Explosive properties: not applicable
(t) Oxidising properties: not applicable

(u) Particle characteristics: does not apply to liquids

9.2 Other information

Bulk density: no data available
Refraction index: 1.3591 (589 nm; 20 °C)
Dissociation constant: no data available
Surface tension: no data available
Henry's Law Constant: no data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.





10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature).

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Formation of explosive mixtures with:

Oxidising agent, strong

Reducing agent, strong

Nitric acid

Trichloromethane

Peroxides

Violent reaction with:

Alkali (lye)

Oxidising agent

Reducing agent

Exothermic reaction with:

Bromine

Chlorine

10.4 Conditions to avoid

UV-radiation/sunlight

Heat

This material is combustible and can be ignited by heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition (e.g. static electricity, pilot lights, or mechanical/electrical equipment).

10.5 Incompatible materials

Rubber articles

Plastic articles

Alkalis

Amines

Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

In case of fire may be liberated:

Carbon monoxide

Carbon dioxide

10.7 Additional information

no data available

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects





Acute effects

Acute oral toxicity:

LD50: > 5800 mg/kg - Rat - (RTECS)

Acute dermal toxicity:

LD50: > 20000 mg/kg - Rabbit - (IUCLID)

Acute inhalation toxicity:

LC50: > 76 mg/l (4 h) - Rat

Irritant and corrosive effects

Primary irritation to the skin:

not applicable

Irritation to eyes:

Causes serious eye irritation.

Irritation to respiratory tract:

not applicable

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

In case of skin contact: not sensitising After inhalation: not sensitising

STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure

not applicable

CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

Carcinogenicity

No indication of human carcinogenicity.

Germ cell mutagenicity

No indications of human germ cell mutagenicity exist.

Reproductive toxicity

No indications of human reproductive toxicity exist.

Aspiration hazard

not applicable

Other adverse effects

no data available





Additional information

no data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Ecotoxicity

Fish toxicity:

LC50: 8300 mg/l (96 h) - Cairns, J.Jr., and A. Scheier 1968. A Comparison of the Toxicity of Some Common Industrial Waste Components Tested Individually and Combined. Prog.Fish-Cult. 30(1):3-8

Daphnia toxicity:

EC50: 18500 mg/l (48 h) - Randall, T.L., and P.V. Knopp 1980. Detoxification of Specific Organic Substances by Wet Oxidation. J.Water Pollut.Control Fed. 52(8):2117-2130

LC50: 8450 mg/l (48 h) - Cowgill, U.M., and D.P. Milazzo 1991. The Sensitivity of Ceriodaphnia dubia and Daphnia magna to Seven Chemicals Utilizing the Three-Brood Test. Arch.Environ.Contam.Toxicol. 20(2):211-217

Algae toxicity:

EC50: 7200 mg/l (96 h) - Slooff, W. 1982. A Comparative Study on the Short-Term Effects of 15 Chemicals on Fresh Water Organisms of Different Tropic Levels. Natl.Tech.Inf.Serv., Springfield, VA: 25 p. (DUT) (ENG ABS) (NTIS/PB83-200386)

Bacteria toxicity:

EC10: 1 000 mg/l (30 min) - OECD 209

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: -0.24 (20 °C)

12.4 Mobility in soil:

no data available

12.5 Results of PBT/vPvB assessment

not applicable

12.6 Other adverse effects

no data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Appropriate disposal / Product

Dispose according to local legislation. Consult the appropriate local waste disposal expert about waste disposal.

Waste code product: 070104





Appropriate disposal / Package

Dispose according to local legislation. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Additional information

no data available

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1UN-No.:109014.2Proper Shipping Name:ACETONE14.3Class(es):3Classification code:F1Hazard label(s):314.4Packing group:II14.5Environmental hazards:No14.6Special precautions for user:

Hazard identification number (Kemler No.): 33 tunnel restriction code: D/E

(Passage forbidden through tunnels of category D when carried in bulk or in tanks. Passage forbidden through tunnels of category E.)

Sea transport (IMDG)

1090 14.1 UN-No.: 14.2 Proper Shipping Name: **ACETONE** 14.3 Class(es): 3 Classification code: Hazard label(s): 3 14.4 Packing group: Ш 14.5 Environmental hazards: No Marine pollutant: No 14.6 Special precautions for user: Segregation group: EmS-No. F-E S-D 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)

not relevant

14.1 UN-No.: 1090
14.2 Proper Shipping Name: ACETONE
14.3 Class(es): 3
Classification code: 4
Hazard label(s): 3
14.4 Packing group: II
14.5 Special precautions for user:





SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

- Workplace Safety and Health Act
- Workplace Safety and Health (Permissible Exposure Levels of Toxic Substances) Order
- Environmental Protection and Management Act (EPMA) Second Schedule, Part 1, Control of Hazardous Substances
- Maritime and Port Authority of Singapore (MPA) Dangerous Goods, Petroleum and Explosives Regulations

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiensts

ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

AGS - Committee on Hazardous Substances (Ausschuss für Gefahrstoffe)

CLP - Regulation on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures

DFG - German Research Foundation (Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft)

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

Gestis - Information system on hazardous substances of the German Social Accident Insurance (Gefahrstoffinformationssystem der Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung)

IATA-DGR - International Air Transport Association-Dangerous Goods Regulations

ICAO-TI - International Civil Aviation Organization-Technical Instructions

IMDG - International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

KOSHA - Korea Occupational Safety and Health Agency

LTV - Long Term Value

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

RID - Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

STV - Short Term Value

SVHC - Substances of Very High Concern

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared based on information available for public as TOXNET information, European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) substance dossier, papers from international cancer research institutes (IARC Monographs), U.S. National Toxicology Program data, U.S. Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Control (ATSDR), PubChem websites and SDS from our raw material manufacturers.





 Revision date
 Version
 Print date

 22.07.2022
 7.1
 22.07.2022

Additional information

Indication of changes Section 7.1: Introduction of general occupation hygenie measures

Section 8: Update of NOEL data

Section 8: Update of DNEL and/or PNEC data Section 9: Introduction of particle characteristics Section 16: Introduction of safety training advice

Section 16: Introduction of key literature references and sources of data

If you need an explanation of the change, contact the supplier (SDS@avantorsciences.com).

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.

